

HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY HISTORY FOUNDATION











Trinity Western University



FLUOROSPAR Reported in 1530





Georgius Agricola

Major Fluorspar Mines



What is Fluorine?

- Lightest halogen.
- The free element is **RARELY** found in nature
- Yellow-green gas
- Diatomic molecule F₂
- Highly toxic
- Most reactive of all elements.



NAMES GIVEN TO FLUORINE

- Hellcat
- Tiger Element
- Tyranasouraurs Rex Element
- Gas of Lucifer



HYDROFLUORIC ACID Discovered in 1771

$$CaF_2 + H_2SO_4 \longrightarrow$$

$2 \text{ HF} + \text{CaSO}_4$



Carel Wilhelm Scheele (Swedish Chemist)

DISCOVERY OF FLUORINE 1886



$2 \text{ HF} \xrightarrow{\text{KHF}_2} F_2 + H_2$

1906 NOBLE PRIZE FOR ISOLATION OF FLUORINE

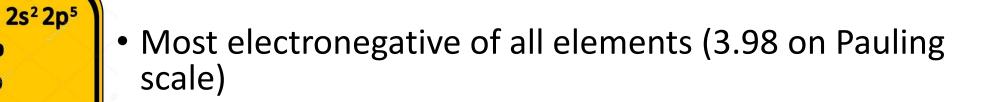


Faculté de Pharmacie, Université Paris5 - René Descartes

Fluorine properties

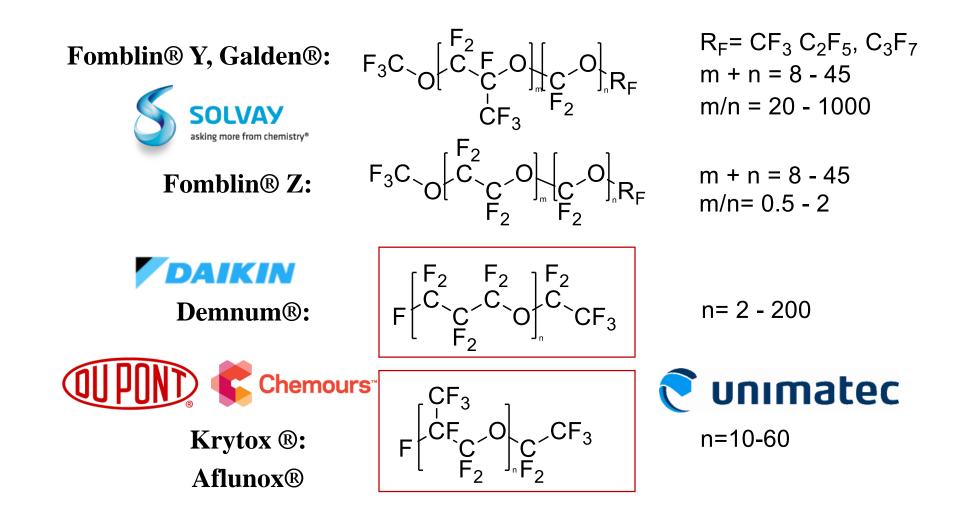
• Small (atomic radius = 72 pm)

Fluorine 18.998



- Strongest single bond with C (466 kJ/mol)
- In the ionic form F⁻ is essential for strengthening teeth
- Many samples of fluorite exhibit fluorescence

Commercial Perfluoropolyalkylethers (PFPAEs)



APPLICATIONS OF PFPAEs

• Aerospace

- Bearing lubricant (Satellites)
- Sealant
- O-ring lubricant
- Oxygen systems

• Automotive

- Antilock braking systems
- Bearing lubricant
- Weather-strip lubricant
- CV joints
- Spark plug and boot lubricant

• Recreational

- Ski wax substitute
- Fishing Reels
- Bicycles
- Soccer Shoes

















• Industrial

- Paper corrugation bearings
- Chemical plant maintenance
- Valve lubricant
- High-temperature equipment
- Clean rooms
- Nonreactive seal fluid
- Chlorine and oxygen service
- Textile equipment

Vacuum Systems

- Vacuum pump fluids
- High vacuum greases
- Vacuum system sealant
- Cosmetics



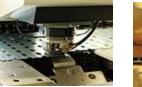










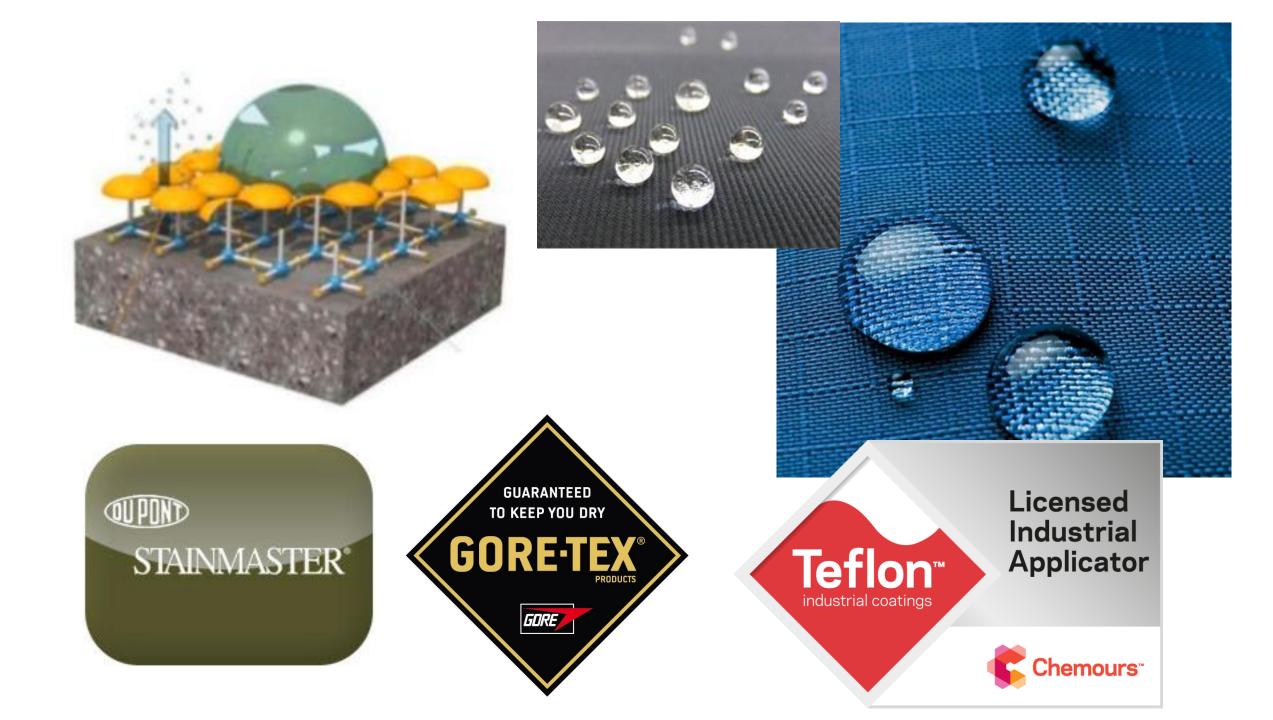












Fluoro-organics

CH₂=CH₂ Ethene or Ethylene Polymer: Polyethylene (**PE**)

$CF_2 = CF_2$

Perfluoroethene or tetrafluoroethylene Polymer: Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE)





Fluoro-organics

$$R_{H} = alkyl group e.g. C_{8}H_{17}$$
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$$R_{F} = fluoroalkyl group e.g. C_{8}H_{16}F$$
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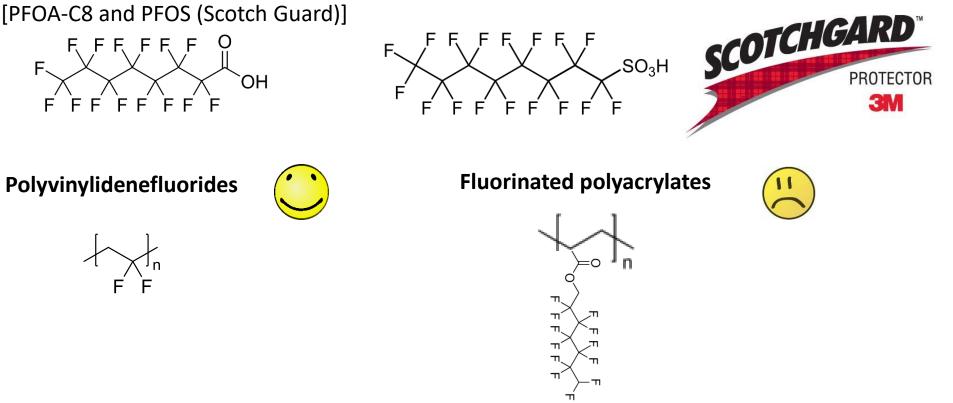


perfluoroalkyl group e.g. C₈F₁₇-

Environmental and Toxicity Challenges

DEATH TRIANGLE

- Non-biodegradable (Degradation)
- Persistence
- Bioaccumulation: binding to proteins in wildlife and human body
- Currently Banned: Perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances with long chains e.g. [PFOA-C8 and PFOS (Scotch Guard)]





PhotoFluo project



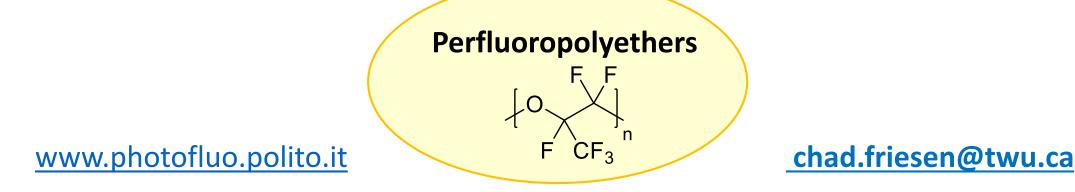






Goal of PhotoFluo:

to prepare fluoropolymers that can be promising alternatives in terms of safety and performances to the perfluoroalkyl molecules, currently raising safety issues





Whistler, British Columbia





Vancouver, British Columbia